#### ENGLISH:

- A range of poetic forms
- Develop narrative writing
- To be familiar with different authors
- Recognise complex sentences
- Discussion texts
- Non-chronological reports
- To develop sentence work
- To contribute constructively to shared discussion
- Develop skills of formal writing
- To work with connectives
- To identify misspellings
- To improve planning of narrative text

To use recognized symbols

when representing a circuit
To draw simple and series cir-

Identify the effect on a cir-

cuit by changing a component

Compare and give reasons for variations in how components

To test the strength of the component using voltage or

To edit writing

**SCIENCE** Electricity

cuits.

at a time.

function.

cells

# Year 6 New Curriculum

#### RE

Sources which looks at varie-

ty

of books, why they were written and the Bible as a story of God's love

- Unity what nourished and spoils friendship and unity and how the Eucharist helps us grow in communion as a Christian family.
- Death and new life which looks at loss and death bringing about change for people and how the suffering, death and resurrection of Jesus led to new life.

#### Codina

- Learn how to use variables and formulae in code to create an area calculator
- To learn how to code functions which use formulae to convert one measurement into another
- Learn how to use variables in more complex ways to make a unit conversion app, converting miles to kilometres
- Learn how to use variables and loops to solve maths challenges

We Are Photographers

To develop a sensitivity to the qualities of effective and evocative photographs

To develop technical skills in taking and uploading photographs

Useful websites for revision:

www.bbc.co.uk/revision

# LENT TERM

#### ART

 Bridget Riley. Optical art. Chd create their own optical art pieces using Bridget Rileys artwork as their inspiration.

# SCIENCE Evolution and Inheritance

- To recognize that living things have changed over time.
- To use fossils to provide information about living things that inhabited the earth millions of years ago.
- To recognize and research that living things produce offspring of the same kind but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents.
- To identify how animals and plants adapt to certain environments.
- To identify that adaptation may lead to evolution.

## GEOGRAPHY-Volcanos

- To develop geographical skills using appropriate vocabulary.
- To use atlases globes and different scales
- To know the location of places/ environments throughout the world
- To understand how a volcano works
- To know where Volcanoes form and why
- To establish how volcanoes effect the environment and people living near them

# FRENCH Ma Journee

- Ask and talk about daily routine
- Talk about times of daily routine
- Ask and talk about breakfast
- Talk about details of a typical day

## Les Transport

- Talk about forms of transport
- Talk about where you're going and how you get there
- Talk about plans for a trip
- Buy tickets at the station

#### Power Hour

 Maths, Grammar and Reading revision. Assessing children's knowledge and going over key concepts in subjects.

# MATHS

#### Percentages

- Finding the Percentage of a Number —To find the percentage of a whole number using division and multiplication; to use bar modelling as a pictorial approach to calculating percentage.
- Finding the Percentage of a Quantity —To find the percentage of a quantity; to use bar model diagrams to support the division and multiplication of numbers towards the percentage.
- Finding Percentage Change— To find the percentage change in an amount over time; to calculate the percentage change where the number gives rise to a decimal.
- Using Percentage to Compare —To use percentage, bar models and fractions to compare amounts.

#### Ratios

- Comparing Quantities —To use ratios and fractions to compare objects; to find the relationship between ratios, percentages and fractions. To determine the ratio of a quantity using concrete materials; to simplify ratios using concrete materials in addition to division. To compare more than two quantities using the term 'ratio'; to use bar models to express ratios where there is more than one quantity. To compare quantity using both fractions and ratios; to use bar model diagrams to represent ratios. To compare quantities using bar models and common factors; to use multiplication and division to simplify ratios.
- Comparing Numbers —To compare numbers using ratios; to make decisions about simplifying ratios using division.
- Solving Word Problems —To solve word problems using a variety
  of heuristics including guess-and-check and bar models; to apply
  knowledge of ratios to word problems. To solve word problems
  using the bar model heuristic; to employ division and multiplication as primary strategies when solving word problems visually. To
  apply the guess-and-check and advanced bar model heuristic to
  ratio word problems.

#### <u>Algebra</u>

- Describing a Pattern —To determine a pattern using concrete materials and pictorial representation; to use a table to identify a repeating pattern; to express a rule using a letter or symbol. To determine a pattern using concrete materials and pictorial representation; to use a table to identify a repeating pattern; to express the relationship between consecutive numbers in terms of a symbol or letter. To determine a pattern using concrete materials and pictorial representation; to use a table to identify a pattern; to express the relationship between consecutive numbers in terms of a symbol or letter. To determine a pattern using concrete materials and pictorial representation; to use a table to identify a pattern; to express unknown numbers in terms of a letter or symbol, including using a number before a letter for multiplication.
- Writing Algebraic Expressions —To use a table to identify a pattern; to write algebraic expressions using each of the four operations
- Writing and Evaluating Algebraic Expressions —To use examples
  to identify rules; to write algebraic expressions using each of the
  four operations; to evaluate algebraic expressions including the
  use of inverse operations. To recognise patterns; to write algebraic expressions with two steps; to evaluate algebraic expressions with two steps. Writing Formulae —To recognise patterns;
  to write and evaluate algebraic expressions with two steps; to
  write and use formulae.
- Using Formulae —To use formulae to solve problems; to replace a letter/variable with a number then solve the equation; to use inverse operations to solve equations.
- Solving Equations To solve equations; to use equations to find unknown values.

#### Area and Perimeter

- Finding the Area and the Perimeter of Rectangles —To find the area and perimeter of rectangles; to calculate perimeter using the known area and vice versa.
- Finding the Area of Parallelograms —To find and calculate the area of a parallelogram; to use concrete materials and prior understanding of area to construct a formula for the area.
- Finding the Area of Triangles To use prior knowledge of area to determine and solve the area of a triangle; to use and apply the formula for the area of a rectangle to solve problems involving triangles. To calculate the area of a triangle using a formula; to calculate the area of a triangle in multiple ways. To use multiple methods to solve the area of a triangle.
- Finding the Area of Parallelograms —To find the area of a parallelogram using an understanding of triangles; to use concrete materials to find the area of a parallelogram.

#### <u>Properties of Shapes</u>

- To investigate opposite angles; to use prior knowledge of angles to solve problems involving angles.
- Solving Problems Involving Angles —To solve problems involving angles using the bar model heuristic; to solve problems involving angles without protractors.
- Investigating Angles in Triangles To determine and show the sum of the angles inside a triangle.
- Investigating Angles in Quadrilaterals —To investigate and determine angles in quadrilaterals.
- Solving Problems Involving Angles in Triangles and Quadrilaterals —To use the knowledge of angles inside a triangle and a quadrilateral to solve problems involving angles in other shapes.

#### Position and Movement

- To represent negative numbers on both vertical and horizontal number lines.
- Describing Position —To describe the positions of objects on a coordinate grid; to use x and y axes to determine the position of objects on a grid.
- Describing Position —To describe the position of points using coordinates on a grid.
- Drawing Polygons on a Coordinate Grid —To draw polygons on a coordinate grid; to recognise polygons on a coordinate grid.
- Describing Translations —To describe the translation of shapes on a coordinate grid.

#### Graphs and Averages

- Understanding Averages —To calculate the average (mean) of sets of values.
- Calculating the Mean —To calculate the mean. To solve problems involving the mean; to use the mean and the number of values to calculate the total; to use given information to find unknown values. Showing Information on Graphs To show information on graphs; to transfer information from a table to a pie chart.
- Reading Pie Charts To read and interpret pie charts; to use percentages in pie charts.
- Reading Line Graphs —To read line graphs; to interpret the information in line graphs that show distance and time. To answer questions about the information in line graphs.

#### Revision

Morning Maths and Power Hour used to revise concepts and go over previous learning.